# Rocky Flats Plant Industrial Area Interim Measure/Interim Remedial Action Project Status Meeting December 20, 1993

# Meeting Objectives:

The objective of this meeting was to brief the EPA and CDH representatives, EG&G CTR, and EG&G supporting technical staff on the current status and progress of the IM/IRA project.

# Participants:

The meeting was held in the west conference room of the EG&G Interlocken building. The following individuals attended:

Name	<u>Company</u>	Phone Number
Mark Buddy	EG&G	966-8519
Art Hirsch	Jacobs	595-8855
Farrel Hobbs	Jacobs	595-8855
Greg Weatherbee	EG&G/SWD	966-3687
Ian Palon	EG&G/SWD	966-8783
Theresa Jehn-Dellaport	Jacobs	595-8855
Bill Fraser	EPA	294-1081
Susan Wyman	Jacobs	<i>595-</i> 885 <i>5</i>
Frank J. Blaha	Wright Water Eng.	480-1700
Wayne Belcher	EG&G/Geosci.	966-6931
Bruce Jones	Jacobs	595-8855
Tim Lovseth	EG&G	966-8706
Warner Reeser	Jacobs	595-8855
Joyce Miyagishima	Jacobs	595-8855
Don Beaver	Jacobs	595-8855
Michael Johnson	Jacobs	595-8855
Kristin Kerrigan	Jacobs	595-8855
Kitty Woldow	EPM/SWD	966-2299
Mary Lee Hogg	ICF/Kaiser	980-2016
Dave Norbury	CDH	692-3415
Bob Nininger	EG&G/EPM-AQD	966-3941

# Summary of Discussions:

Mark Buddy opened the meeting at 2:05 pm. The meeting agenda is attached.

Art Hirsch reiterated the following IM/IRA objectives and scope of work (attached):

- Provide a safety net around the Industrial Area to monitor for, protect against and respond to releases of contaminants which may occur now and during D&D.
- Assess the ability of the current Industrial Area monitoring program to detect potential releases at or within the boundaries of the Industrial Area.
- Recommend pathway protection procedures and conceptualize a verification monitoring program to detect potential releases at or within the boundaries of the Industrial Area.

# Technical Status/Progress Reports:

# Engineering

Bruce Jones displayed maps that Jacobs has prepared of the building footing and foundation drains. He mentioned that it is necessary to know the volume and chemical character of incidental water to determine which treatment systems are appropriate.

Two site walks were conducted to determine the locations of drain, flow paths, and sampling stations.

# Surface Water

Frank Blaha reported that the status of the surface water evaluation is similar to that of the November 23 meeting. Recommendations are to routinely sample at the six main basins and to initiate subbasin monitoring during D&D activities.

Two additional issues have been identified since the last performance status meeting: (1) the need to quantify base flow and storm water flow at monitoring stations, and (2) the need to consider the sewage treatment plant (STP) as a potential contaminant flow path.

Influent monitoring and toxicity testing at the STP are adequately addressed. The capability exists for one-day storage of water for chemical assessment before treatment. The STP must still be treated as a potential contaminant pathway. Changes are being made to the STP influent standards. As a result, the required monitoring program will likely change, and additional outfall sampling points may be identified.

The IM/IRA report will identify which subbasin and main basin each footing drain or outfall occupies. The flowpath drawings will be similar to those in the Master Drainage Plan. Schematic drawings will show the footing drain/surface water flowpaths at a glance.

Bill Fraser (EPA) stated that three programs must be compatible: the ponds IM/IRA, the new NPDES permit, and the Industrial Area IM/IRA. Mr. Blaha recognized the

similarities between the ponds IM/IRA and the Industrial Area IM/IRA. It was agreed that the documents should "match up" and not be in conflict.

# Hydrogeology

Theresa Jehn-Dellaport reviewed the approach of the hydrogeology team (attached).

- Source chemicals have been identified, including documented under-building contamination. EG&G is attempting to provide the results from recent sampling of monitoring wells in the Industrial Area, for incorporation into the IM/IRA.
- Flow paths are being evaluated based on high and low water table conditions, cultural features (building foundations and drains), bedrock elevations, sandstone paleochannels, and surface springs and seeps.
- Data gaps are being determined by a spatially comparing potential sources and flow paths to existing monitoring wells.
- Recommendations are being developed.

The end products will include recommendations for the (1) location of proposed monitoring wells, (2) screened interval of proposed monitoring wells, (3) analyte list, (4) sampling frequency, and (5) use of existing monitoring wells. Maps will be produced showing (1) groundwater flow (at high and low water table) and (2) existing and proposed new monitoring well locations. Maps of contaminant plumes will be developed, based on recent Industrial Area monitoring well sampling results, if that information is received in time.

The locations of recommended wells will be field-checked by site walks. Greg Weatherby suggested contacting Ralph Lindberg, at SMS, regarding contaminant plume maps.

# Air Pathway

Warner Reeser reported that the air team was initially challenged by the large amount of air quality data available. With Bob Crocker's help, the air team has been able to assimilate most of the information. An overhead of recent activities (attached) was presented. These activities include the following:

- continued review of RFP air monitoring and meteorology programs;
- summarized existing programs;
- summarized RFP dispersion model applications to date;
- drafted pathways analysis;
- initiated evaluation of programs and data gap identification; and
- Began developing recommendations.

Potential data gaps have been identified, and initial recommendations have been made. No VOC monitoring for air exists within the Industrial Area, although CDH does limited monitoring for VOCs in air. No data gaps have been identified in the existing meteorological monitoring, although additional needs may exist during D&D. Mark Buddy asked what would be the benefits of VOC monitoring. Warner Reeser replied that VOC emissions could occur during D&D; for example, off-gassing could occur from soils during building demolition. VOCs were discounted in the past because no regulatory requirements for VOC monitoring existed. This situation may change with the new Clean Air Act and subsequent new state regulations.

Mark Buddy pointed out that the RFP air program is being reevaluated and asked whether the IM/IRA conclusions will be consistent with the new evaluation.

# COPC Identification

Joyce Miyagishima presented a chart (attached) showing the organization of chemicals of potential concern (COPCs) and chemicals of interest (COIs). The COPCs have been identified from past releases and the target compound list (TCL) obtained from Rick Roberts. The COIs could be released by unplanned events (e.g. spills) and have been identified from chemical product inventories and chemical waste streams. The lists of COPCs and COIs are very large. A risk analysis to pare down the contaminant list will not be performed.

# Conceptual Site Model

Kristin Kerrigan provided handouts (attached) listing the resources available for the development of a conceptual site model (CSM). Several examples of CSMs were presented, and the components of a CSM were listed. The IM/IRA will look at contaminant sources, release mechanisms, and transport media, but will not address exposure routes and receptors. The approach will involve combining OU-specific CSMs into a general CSM for the Industrial Area.

Three scenarios will be developed: current conditions, potential unplanned events, and future nonroutine activities, including D&D. For the purpose of this IM/IRA, unplanned events will include leaks, spills, or overflows. Catastrophic events such as fires, explosions, earthquakes, tornadoes, floods, etc. will not be evaluated as unplanned events. The nonroutine activities scenario will evaluate expected releases during remediation (excavation) and unplanned releases (leaks, spills, or overflows).

Mark Buddy stated that nonroutine activities will be discussed generally in the text. Triggers, actions, references to existing emergency response (ER), and possibly ER recommendations for D&D will be included. Work control packages should be addressed for D&D activities. The Operational Review Committee (ORC) oversees all work being done and determines whether the work falls within an acceptable safety envelope.

Ian Paton said that the EG&G Surface Water Division is putting together flow charts for ER. These may be useful to the IM/IRA.

# Baseline Determination/Action Outline

Farrel Hobbs described the objectives and approach for determining baseline and action levels (attached). The IM/IRA objective is to monitor, detect, and respond to releases from D&D activities. Monitoring will be done to provide verification of contaminants and to detect acute and chronic releases. Corrective action will be taken when levels exceed an established baseline.

The general approach for the IM/IRA during D&D activities is to (1) determine activity-specific contaminants of concern (COCs), (2) evaluate risks for COCs, (3) identify potential release pathways, (4) assess real-time detection technologies for acute releases, (5) establish a sampling plan to detect chronic releases, (6) place stations and operate to establish a baseline, (7) establish action levels and link to emergency response, and (8) perform ongoing monitoring. Baseline contaminant levels must be established to determine elevated concentrations that warrant ER. Action levels will likely be activity-, location-, and contaminant-specific.

# Schedule and Outline Reports

Art Hirsch distributed a Document Outline (attached) to CDH, EPA, and the EG&G technical support team. Mark Buddy distributed a preliminary drafts of Section 2.0 through 2.3, 4.1, 5.1, 6.1, and 8.1 through 8.3. The second preliminary draft will be delivered to EG&G by January 3. EG&G will give copies (with written corrections/comments) to the regulatory agencies January 10, approximately.

Meetings between Jacobs and EG&G technical personnel will be held during January 4 to 7. Surface water personnel will tentatively meet on January 5, groundwater and air on January 6, and COPC and soil on January 7.

Art Hirsch distributed and discussed the schedule of activities (attached). Data gathering was done by December 10. Pathways analysis is complete for most media. Monitoring assessment will be done by December 30. Technical write-ups will be completed by January 14 and the preliminary draft will be submitted to EG&G at a February 1 meeting. EG&G will have two days to comment. Those comments will be incorporated into a draft final document to be delivered to EG&G by February 15. The document will undergo public comment. Distribution of the final IM/IRA/DD is slated for August 30, 1994.

Mark Buddy reported that the modification to the scope of work may add some time to portions of the schedule but should not change the ultimate deadlines.

# Final Meeting Comments

Ian Paton asked whether the future CSM, in Section 11.0, will include recommendations for monitoring. Art Hirsch replied "yes." The future CSM will be in a cartoon format similar to the current CSM format. Conceptual verification monitoring recommendations will be provided for the IM/IRA project. Section 9.0 will cover current activities and Section 11.0 will discuss the future CSM, with recommendations.

Mark Buddy said that he wanted to get the outline approved before the Christmas shutdown, but has not received DOE comments.

Bill Fraser expressed concern about the need for a separate chapter on D&D. With this format, D&D may appear as an afterthought, rather than the major focus of the IM/IRA. Mr. Fraser suggested including D&D recommendations in the sections specific to each pathway.

The distinction between nonroutine vs. catastrophic events was also questioned. Bill Fraser stated that the IM/IRA proposes to deal with spills, but ignore fires. These events are divided by a fine line. Perhaps earthquakes and other "acts of God" may be ignored, but the IM/IRA should address fires, given past scenarios and public perception.

Dave Norbury questioned whether Section 2.3, Existing Monitoring Activities, will be a duplicate of other sections. Art Hirsch replied that the section is introductory, rather than repetitive.

The separation of footing drain water from groundwater and surface water was questioned. Art Hirsch stated that the footing drain water is treated separately because it is managed differently at RFP.

Dave Norbury pointed out that we may want to identify medium-specific sources within the section for each medium, rather than as a separate section.

Bill Fraser stated that, in developing recommendations, it is important to look at what we have, what we need, and what we don't need. It is best not to waste money on data that are redundant or will not be used.

### **Action Items**

- Meetings will be held between EG&G and Jacobs technical disciplines during the week of February 4 to 7.
- Tim Lovseth will determine the status of the recent monitoring well sampling data and convey that information to Jacobs.
- The next biweekly meeting will be held February 1 at EG&G and may last half a day.

- The locations of recommended wells will be field-checked by site walks.
- Jacobs will contact Ralph Lindberg regarding contaminant plume maps.

# IM/IRA PERFORMANCE MEETING AGENDA 20 DECEMBER 1993 2:00-4:00PM EG&G INTERLOCKEN FACILITIES

INTRODUCTIONS/OBJECTIVES

M. BUDDY/A. HIRSCH

**TECHNICAL PRESENTATIONS** 

SURFACE WATER

F. BLAHA

)

INCIDENTAL WATER MANAGEMENT

B. JONES

HYDROGEOLOGY

T. JEHN-DELLAPORT

AIR

W. REESER

CHEMICALS OF CONCERN

J. MIYAGISHIMA

CONCEPTUAL SITE MODELS

K. KERRIGAN

D&D BASELINE/ACTION CRITERIA

F. HOBBS

IM/IRA DOCUMENT OUTLINE

A. HIRSCH

PROJECT SCHEDULE

A. HIRSCH

**CLOSING REMARKS** 

M. BUDDY

# IM/IRA Project Objectives

To provide a safety net around the IA to monitor for, protect against and respond to releases of contaminates which may occur now and during D&D.

To assess the current Industrial Area monitoring program in the ability to detect potential releases at or within the boundaries of the industrial area.

To recommend pathway protection procedures and conceptualize a verification monitoring program and for future D&D activities to detect potential releases at or within the boundaries of the Industrial area.

# Scope of Work

- 1. To develop an Implementation Plan
- 2. Develop Data Gathering Objectives and acquire technical information
- 3. Create a list of chemicals of concern and identify past and potential source areas.
- 4. Understand and define contaminate pathways; develop a site conceptual models
- 5. Define foundation drain influence on groundwater flow migration
- 6. Review and provide recommendations to the Incidental Water Management Plans
- 7. Receive and assess current on site water treatment capabilities for incidental waters.
- 8. Assess current monitoring programs effectiveness relative to the IA boundaries.
- 9. Conceptualize a monitoring verification program for D&D activities.
- 10. Evaluation of best available monitoring technologies; includes the applicability and feasibility of real time monitoring.
- 11. Provide a programmatic linkage between pathway protection, D&D monitoring, emergency response (actual releases) or source investigations (chronic release).
- 12. Develop an IM/IRA Decision Document

# **Groundwater Monitoring Assessment**

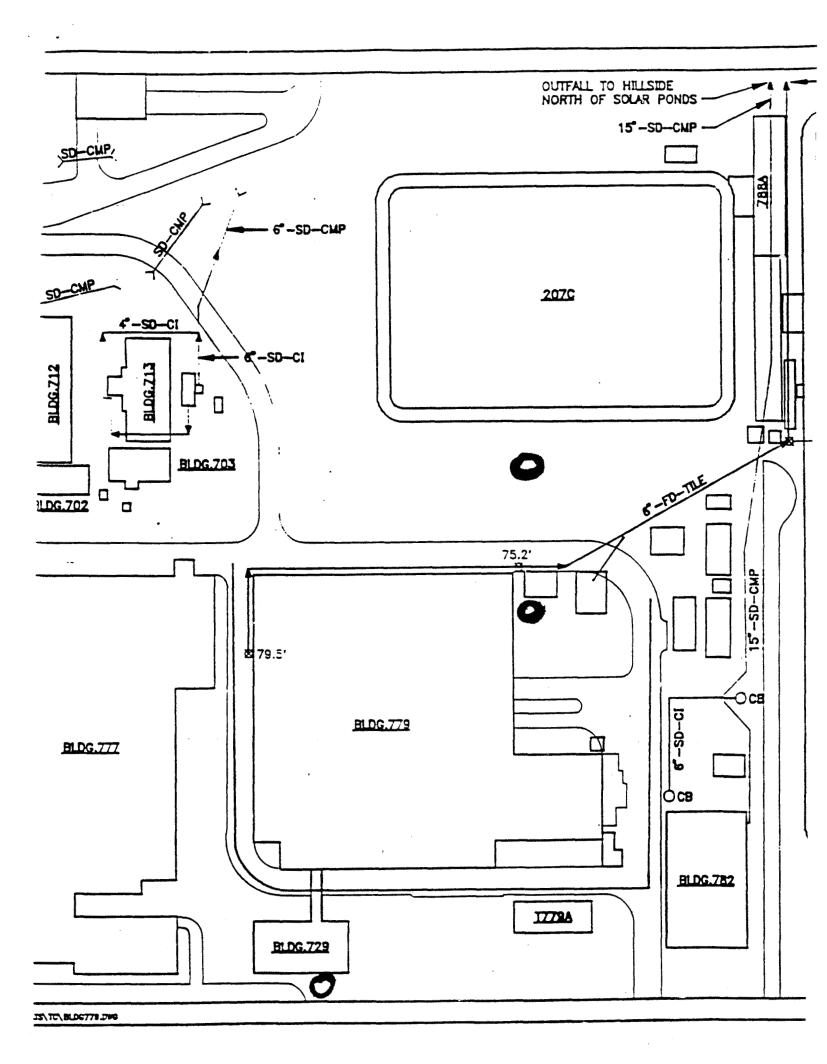
# **END PRODUCTS**

# Recommendations for:

- \* Location of proposed monitoring wells
- \* Screened interval of proposed monitoring wells
- \* Analyte list
- \* Sampling frequency
- \* Use of existing monitoring wells

# Maps:

- \* Groundwater flow, high water table
- \* Groundwater flow, low water table
- \* Existing and proposed new monitoring well locations
- \* Contaminant plumes, based on recent IA monitoring well sampling results.



# Groundwater Monitoring Assessment APPROACH

# **IDENTIFY SOURCES/CHEMICALS**

- \* Chemicals from historical releases, including documented under-building contamination
- \* Chemical inventories
- \* Chemical waste streams and waste storage
- \* Recent IA monitoring well sampling results\*

# EVALUATE FLOWPATHS based on

- \* high and low water table conditions
- \* cultural features (building foundations and drains)
- \* bedrock elevations
- \* sandstone paleochannels
- \* surface seeps and springs

# **DETERMINE DATA GAPS**

\* spatial comparison of potential sources and flow paths to existing monitoring wells

# MAKE RECOMMENDATIONS

# IM/IRA AIR MONITORING AND METEOROLOGY

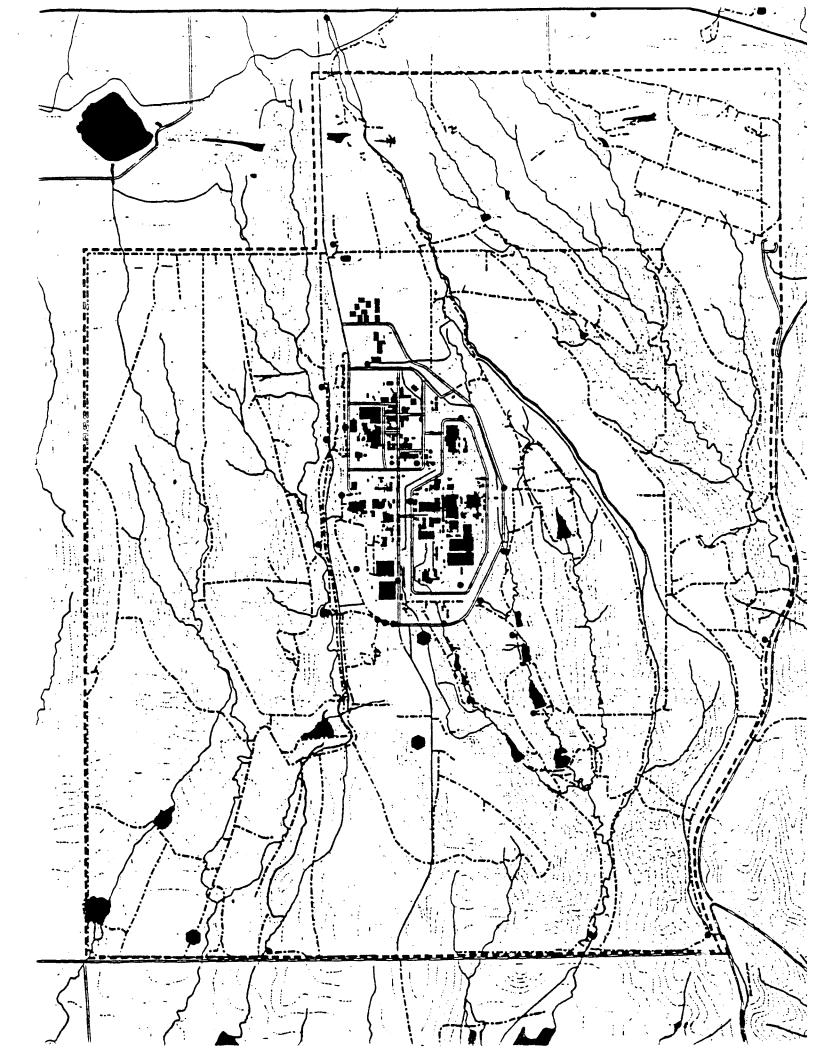
# **Recent Activities**

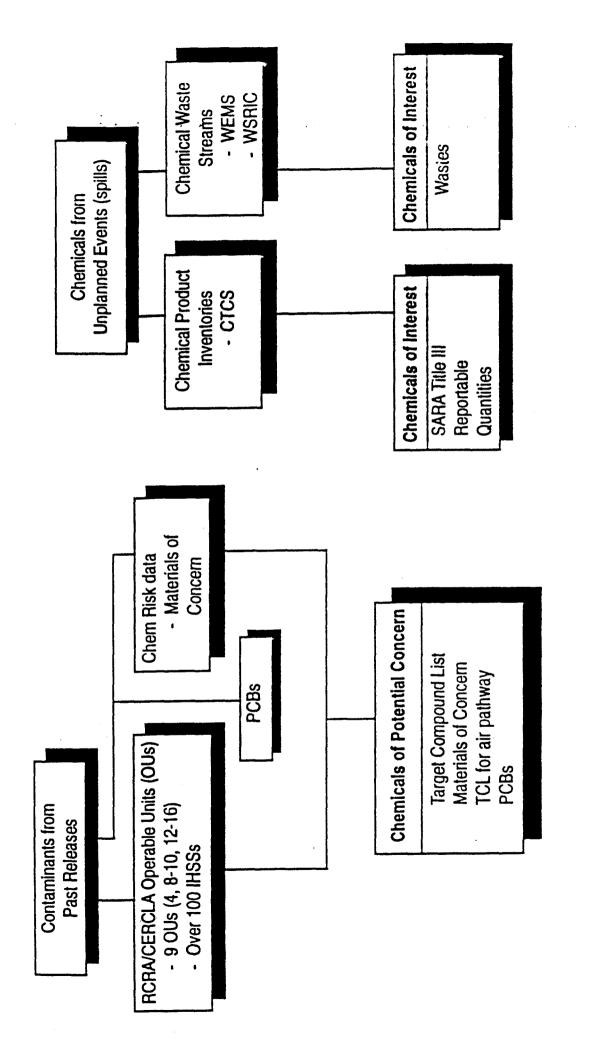
- Continued review of RFP air monitoring and meteorology programs
- Summarized existing programs
- Summarized RFP dispersion model applications to date
- Drafted pathways analysis
- Initiated evaluation of programs and data gap identification
- Began developing recommendations

# IM/IRA AIR MONITORING AND METEOROLOGY

# Potential Data Gaps Identified

- No volatile organic compound (VOC) monitoring within Industrial Area (IA)
- Existing CDH-operated VOC samplers provide limited coverage of VOC emissions from the IA
- Baseline VOC concentrations for RFP do not exist





# Contaminants of Potential Concern and Chemicals of Interest

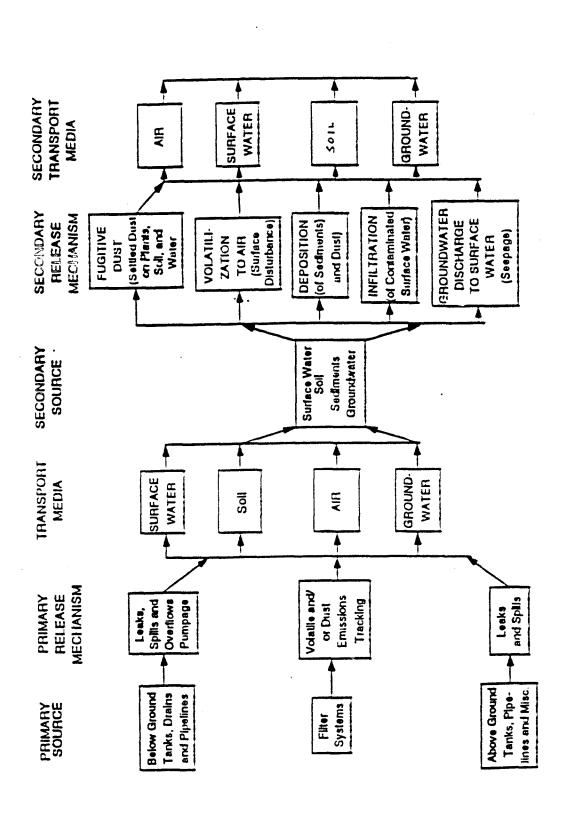
# Resources

Transport Media Write-ups (earlier sections of report)

OU-Specific CSMs from Phase I RFI/RI Work Plans (9 OUs in IA)
Flow Diagrams
Graphics
Text

CONTAMINANT SOURCE RELEASE **MECHANISM** TRANSPORT MEDIUM **EXPOSURE** ROUTE RECEPTOR OPERABLE UNIT NO. 8 PHASE I REVELWORK PLAN COMPONENTS OF A COMPLETED U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY Rootey Flats Plant, Goldson, Colorado

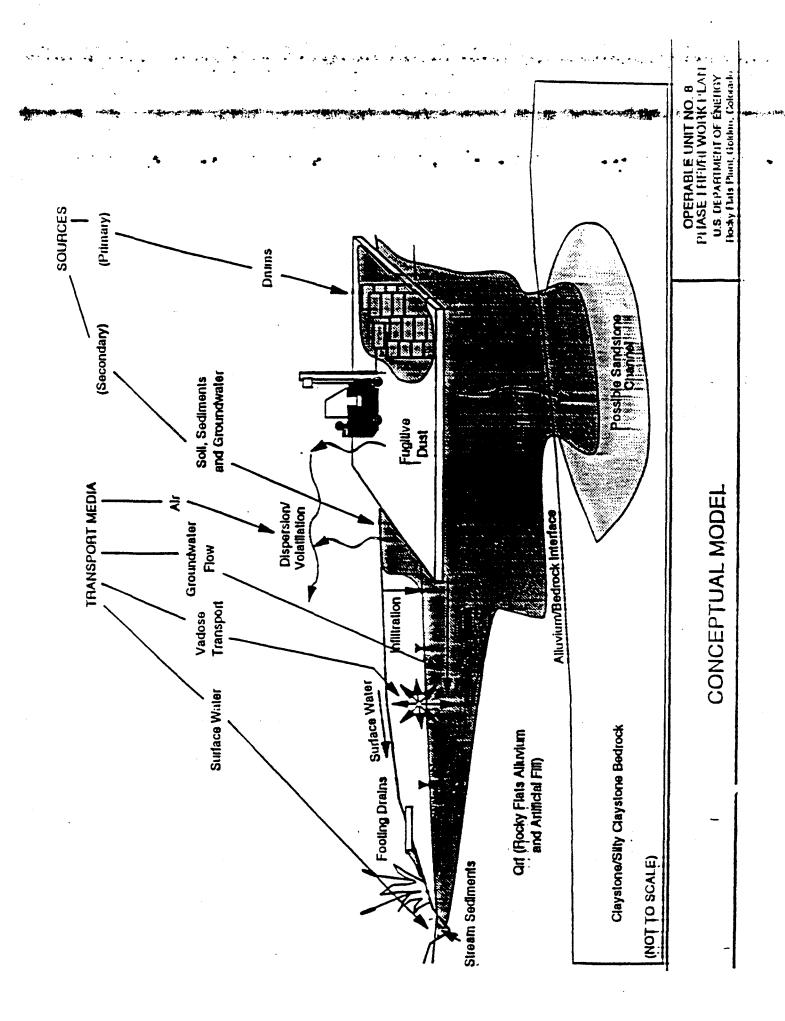
**EXPOSURE PATHWAY** 

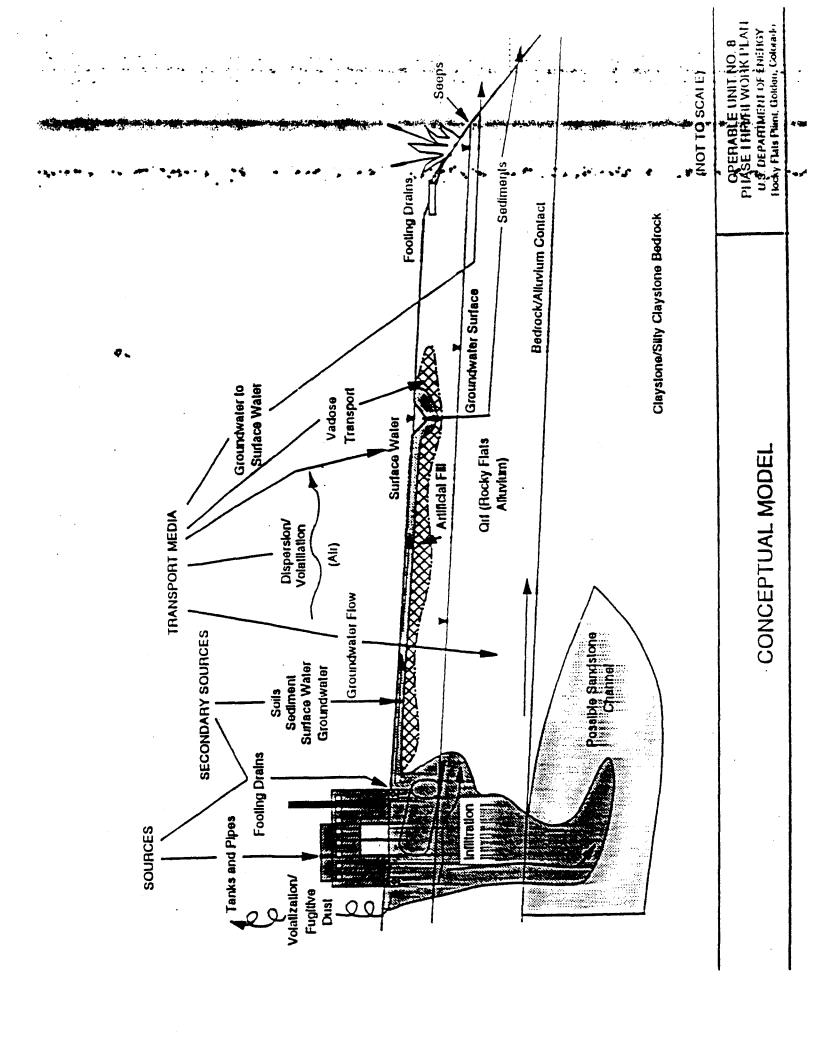


# Components of Conceptual Site Model (CSM)

and a second to the second the second the second that the second the second that the second the second that th

- 1. Primary Sources
  general groupings of IHSSs according to source type
- 2. Primary Release Mechanisms source-specific; may be duplicative for some sources
- 3. Transport Media soil air surface water groundwater
- 4. Secondary Sources soil surface water sediment groundwater
- 5. Secondary Release Mechanisms
  contaminant leaching from soil
  runoff
  erosion
  fugitive dust emissions
  volatile emissions
  airborne deposition
  infiltration/percolation
  groundwater seeps
- 6. Secondary Transport Media soil surface water sediment groundwater air





# Preliminary Approach

# Development of Conceptual Site Model (CSM)

gangapanan in in in in a sa a company and a company of the company

1. Combine OU-specific CSMs into a general CSM for the Industrial Area.

والمعارض والمعارض

2. Examine three scenarios:

Current or Actual Conditions; Potential Unplanned Events; and Non-Routine Activities (future remediation and D&D).

- 3. Each scenario will include examination of primary and secondary sources, associated release mechanisms, and transport media.
- 4. Examine potential contaminant transport pathways only. Exposure pathways and receptors will not be included in the CSM.
- 5. The current scenario will include consideration of historical releases at the IHSSs such as:

Past spills, leaks, or overflows; Historical waste disposal sites; Past fire locations or decontamination areas; Former storage areas; etc.

6. The unplanned events scenario will evaluate potential releases from accidents under current conditions such as:

Spills; Leaks; or Overflows

Catastrophic events such as fires, explosions, earthquakes, tornadoes, floods, etc. will not be evaluated as an unplanned event.

- 7. The non-routine activities scenario will evaluate expected releases during remediation (excavation). Unplanned releases to be evaluated under this scenario will be consistent with the current scenario (spills, leaks, or overflows). Other unplanned releases are assumed to be controlled by engineering safety controls.
- 8. Emergency response to unplanned events will be discussed in text.

# BASELINE DETERMINATION/ACTION OUTLINE

- Objective: Monitor, detect, and respond to contaminant releases from D&D activities.
  - Monitor to provide verification
  - Detect acute and chronic releases
  - Corrective action when levels exceed baseline

# General Approach:

- Determine activity-specific contaminants of concern
- Evaluate risks for COCs
- Identify potential release pathways
- Assess real time detection technology (acute)
- Establish sampling plan (chronic)
- Placement of stations/operate to establish baseline
- Establish action levels/linkage to emergency response
- Perform on-going monitoring

# Jacobs IM/IRA Plan

# PRELIMINARY DRAFT

December 16, 1993

# **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 Objectives
- 1.2 Scope
- 1.3 Project Background

# 2.0 SITE HISTORY AND CHARACTERIZATION

- 2.1 Site Description
  - 2.1.1 Location
  - 2.1.2 Description of Industrial Area
  - 2.1.3 History

# 2.2 Physical Setting

- 2.2.1 Topography
- 2.2.2 Surface Water Hydrology
- 2.2.3 Regional Geology
- 2.2.4 Site Geology
- 2.2.5 Regional Hydrogeology
- 2.2.6 Site Hydrogeology
- 2.2.7 Meteorology
- 2.2.8 Ecology
- 2.2.9 Sensitive Environments
- 2.2.10 Cultural Influences
- 2.3 Existing Monitoring Activities
  - 2.3.1 Objectives for Environmental Monitoring
  - 2.3.2 Summary of Current Monitoring Programs
  - 2.3.3 Overview of Data Reviewed
- 2.4 Monitoring for Unplanned Events

# 3.0 POTENTIAL CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN, CHEMICALS OF INTEREST, AND SOURCES

- 3.1 Approach
- 3.2 Description of Data Reviewed

# 3.3 Findings

### 4.0 GROUNDWATER MONITORING

- . 4.2 Conceptual Groundwater Flow Model .
- 4.3 Existing Monitoring Programs
- 4.4 Summary of Available Data
- 4.5 Pathways Analysis
- 4.6 Evaluation of Monitoring Program and Data Gaps
- 4.7 Monitoring Alternatives Assessment
- 4.8 Recommendations for RFP Groundwater Monitoring Programs

# **5.0 SURFACE WATER MONITORING**

- 5.1 Approach
- 5.2 Existing Monitoring Programs
- 5.3 Summary of Available Data
- 5.4 Pathways Analysis
- 5.5 Evaluation of Monitoring Program and Data Gaps
- 5.6 Monitoring Alternatives Assessment
- 5.7 Recommendations for Surface Water Monitoring Programs

# 6.0 SOIL MONITORING

- 6.1 Approach
- 6.2 Existing Monitoring Programs
- 6.3 Summary of Available Data
- 6.4 Pathways Analysis
- 6.5 Evaluation of Monitoring Program and Data Gaps
- 6.6 Monitoring Alternatives Assessment
- 6.7 Recommendations for Monitoring Programs

# 7.0 AIR MONITORING

- 7.1 Approach
- 7.2 Existing Monitoring Programs\*
- 7.3 Summany of Available Data and Dispersion Models
- .7.4 Pathways Analysis
- 7.5 Evaluation of Monitoring Program and Data Gaps
- 7.6 Monitoring Alternatives Assessment ...
- 7.7 Recommendations for Monitoring Programs

# 8.0 INCIDENTAL AND FOOTING DRAIN WATERS

- 8.1 Approach
- 8.2 Foundations, Footing Drains, Sumps, and Valve Vaults and Similar Sources of Intercepted Groundwater
- 8.3 Existing Management, Monitoring and Disposition Program
- 8.4 Summary of Available Data
- 8.5 Contaminants, Sources, and Pathways
- 8.6 Current Water Process Capabilities and Capacities
- 8.7 Data Gaps, Disposition, and Process Needs
- 8.8 Recommendations for Disposition and Monitoring

# 9.0 CONCEPTUAL SITE MODEL

- 9.1 Contaminants of Potential Concern and Sources
- 9.2 Pathways
- 9.3 Relationship to Monitoring Programs
- 9.4 Data Gaps
- 9.5 Recommendations

# 10.0 NON-ROUTINE ACTIVITIES MONITORING RECOMMENDATIONS

- 10.1 Description of Non-routine Activities
- 10.2 Conceptual Monitoring Approach
- 10.3 Pathway Protection
- 10.4 Alternative Analysis

# 10.5 Verification Monitoring Recommendations

.10.6 Action Levels

10.6.2 Source investigation

- 11.0 FUTURE CONCEPTUAL SITE MODEL
- 12.0. SUMMARY CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS
- .13.0 RÉFERENCES

	AUG S		•		••	PAGGEG FOR GYEG
	JUN JUL					
·	1994 MAY					Bet15190
	MAR APR					100
	JAN FEB	NIS & SOUNCES	y,	S FOUNDALION DRAINS	P. AN	]. -
	993 NOV DEC ATION PLAN		SECIFIC PARMAS	FOOTING & FOUND	SSESS CLAPERIT HON! FOULD	ANT, CO AFT
	1993 5EP OCT NOV 01 MPEKENIATION P	03-101-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00	04-10 MEDIA S	05-EVALUATE F	00-458£55 CUH	6 G. ROCKY FLATS PLANT.  • IM/IRA/DD  BASELINE-REVISED-DRAFT
	EARLY FINISH 150C193	200193 234093 234093 294093 1004093	100(19) 100(19) 100(19) 100(19) 100(19) 200(19) 200(19) 100(19)		100C (23) 300C (23) 300C (23) 300C (23) 200C (23) 200C (23) 140C (23)	1 -1
	STARI STARI 400193	3 500 193 6 13 800 193 6 2 2 440 93 8 9 3040 93 8	2 2400934 7 2400934 1 700093 7 8000934 1 1700093 2 800093 2 800093 2 800093 2 800093 2 800093 2 800093 3 800000000000000000000000000000000000		40 40C193 40 40C193 4 210C193 6 200C193 6 200C193 6 306C193 7 306C193 7 306C193 7 306C193 7 306C193 7 306C193	
	ORIG DUR					
,	- Jirouti	0 (660 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Lead Date Mont System Development Ecotoack on COC Approach  The Market Pathwey Market/Assessment  The Market Pathwey Market/Assessment  The Market Pathwey Market/Assessment  The Market Pathwey Market/Assessment  The Market Pathwey Market Market Assessment  The Market Pathwey Market Mark	Leview of CSM Approben  ITE Pathway/CSM	deater Migration Flow WPD  SELONS W/EGGG Focal Points  Onlights Assessment  See Maier Monitoring Assessment  See Marian Monitoring Assessment  Lageer Monitoring Assessment  See Mater Monitoring Mater Monitoring  A Mater Monitoring Mater Monitoring  See Mater Monitoring Mater Monitoring  A Mannistrative Guidelings	
	DN D D	p Journal DGOs  e leconscal Interdation  e site Char Into 6666  final DGO's  Review final lechaical Into	Laborate Mani System Deve Vivallite Chemical Selection ecoback on COC Approach 11s COC Approach & Missis Finalised & Comman Meyleu/Assessment Commission Pathway Meyleu/Assessment Missis Pathway Meyleu/Assessment Missis Pathway Meyleu/Assessment Missis Pathway Meyleu/Assessment Missis Pathway Meyleu/Assessment	Peries of CSN Approbach  The Pathrag(CSN  The Pathrag(CSN  The Cost ing (San Qsis 10°5)  The Cos	deater Nigration Flow WED  Gasions W/EGGG focal Points  Gasions ASSESSENT  Gearly on Assessent  Gasions Assessent  Gasions Monitoring Assessent  Water Monitoring Assessent  Gasions Assess	
9734 W	ACTIVITY DESCRIPTION STATEMENT OF THE PRINCE				Test OF-Grandmater Migresion Flow Medical Control of Co	2223
	ACT IV 17 0	03-00020 11 05-00020 11 05-00020 11 05-00020 11 05-00020	1 04: 500 d o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o			THE STATE OF THE S

-	<del></del> _																																		1111	l		
	\$ 07 S 07		-	•		-			•		•	1				1 .		-				-				•		-	<u> </u>		-		-	Checkey ADIN DYES				٠.
	Į. Į	• •				.	·. ·		<u> </u>	1		<u> </u>		• .					<u>.</u>		•	_	<u> </u>				•	1			1		$\dashv$	Checken		•.		• •
	JUL											1										<u> </u>	_					1	-				$\dashv$					
	NO					_				_		-															<del></del> -			1	-			Acrision				
	1994 HAY																													_			_	H				
	APR																												_					310				
	MAR					_																			-		- "				-		-					
	rea	***************************************	IREAIMENT			IRA PLAN						SHS									_		-								LARY		]	į				
		ž E				¥.			_			S	_	_[	]-0	<b>\</b>		_	<b>.</b> -					=				i	1	z	SS SUMMARY							
			SSESS CUMPENT WATER PROCESS	 П		٠	<u>u</u> :	یا نہ	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		. ما خا				1						AA PLAN						AA PLAN		EN T	SPONSI VE AESS		1	_				
	0 A	MATERI OLSPOSITION	NI NATE		U_	F INDUSTRIAL						D FUNDING PEDULPEMENTS				\ ₹								-				E		NI/PRES	12	·	$\dashv$	NT. CO	1			
	1993 1 NOV	N N IEN	S CURRE		<del></del>	11VES OF						NO PA	•			IN/IRA PLA						I DAAFT IM/		ACU# CAR 1				JOHII FINAL		₽ ₩	Ob Dalar		$\dashv$	S PLA	J-DAAF			
		07-455655	08-ASSES			09-09-ECTIVE				-!		10-01				11-09AF1						12-SUBH11		-5				14-5UBH		15-Puel IC	16-0EVEL 0P		$\dashv$	ROCKY FLATS PLANT. IM/IRA/DO	BASEL INE-REVISED-DRAF I			
ŀ																			].							4					ī	=		NOCK)	INE-A			
	EARLY FINISH	1706.093	3000	200EC93	140.093	WIK 13	10.JAN94	NOJAM94	10 JAN94	10 JAN94	10.1AM94		11JAN94	14.14194	STANS	JANA	14JAN94	21.JAN94	31.JAN94	J. E 894	94 E 894	141 183	155 ( 894	1 PMARPA	21MARP4	24MAR94	SAMAR94		64PB94		6.EN9	20.JUN94		9	BASEL			
•	EARILY STAIR			80C193	FEADNOC		3.JKN9¢	3JAN94	3.14%94	30AAUS	30MALE		11JANS	4N94	17.14N9 4		130609 8.	17JAN94	24JAN51.	3/1894	46 [ 894		15/189	165 6 89 4	ZIKBEGE	22H4R9	Served 4	•	PHI	وٰ ٠	87°				a °	g• 3		Ę
	ĺ	1 :	. 1	- 1						1	i	-	12	- 1	- 1			- 1	!				3	-	1 1	22.	Ž Š	ð:	1 6APH9 6	-	:						•	•
	ORIG CON			31 19	; = ^ : ···			9		9	9				]:		33							.   5						1	7	01						• :
	•	Systems										[.																•	. Tues						•	•		
	<b>.</b>	S Judd	5	100.00	on the treatment states assessed								•			->	•	110	(Aepro			-			Sment 5		3	5	Jic Coment				••	•	* • •	• .		
		Disposal Freathent	00111	Ens. Rev	in the said						tor ing			1 ades				1,1esn	Pappes/	1	Juie Di	•	4		)CD4 Cc			* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	tor Put		일	Spana	•			•	•	•
			Disposition P	Treatment Systems, Re. M. March 100		ecuado e		Cace heter Monitoring	Dantion Heter Mant	Sea	Le Mon	5		or Est	Coppent		te Uos	Poduction (draft)/lech (dit	ncorp C	B Presentation	ro Coments/finalije Diffit		IM/IRA	20 403	IVE EGGG/DOE/EPA/CDM Cornents	ts	1	7535000	IM/IRA		Pic Coment Period	Responsiveness Seemary		Constitute de Alerte Dates Constitute de constitute de Repetit de constitute de		}		
	. 2	jā jujus.	seent of	in a tage	11.5	Teo I	11 tor 1m	Peter.	1000	A Pent. Systems	169	137.31	2 1 1 2 g	Sout St	mate Bevelopment	9	E MC1	duct 100	Evien/	Review/Comme	Commen	6 10a 112e/0C	Draft	1000	EG66/	ew Comments	6		F P.al	•	Compe	Respons			-		•	•
	IV TY IP YOU	و دع			, .	J.	0	3	3 2 3 3	Į.			<b>63</b>	45	E a la	51 52 51	I to D	No.	-16.8		Tra		317		A.	22	But A		-Sig.			16 Or		130	, <sub>p</sub> .		-	i 🖜
	ACT.IVE DESCOIPE	185k Q7 AS	1854 07: AS	25K 08-14		of weather ment rectingly as we ten	Lisk 09-41 Pronitoring	Fest Of Su	Test 06-01:	Tesk 09-1r	less (19- lifefuente) water Monttoring	15 ES	1851 10-EG HEEL W9	195k 10	105k 10-E3 0	Stinates & E666	Task 11 Technical Write Ups	185k 11-18P	Task 11-1eth Review/Incorp Changes/Repro	Ast 11-ELE	17 7 X50	195K 11-NP	Jask 12-Stoffit Braft In/IRa		185K 13-RAP 1VE EGG/DOC/CPA/CD	185k 13-Re	Jask 12 feld	Tien 13.18 to 10.00 t	Task 14-Surbit f Rial IM/IRA for Publ	·	1954 15-Pu	188 16	-	60EC13 10C193 10c1 262P93	<u>ءِ</u> <u>د</u>	-	ا ا	
-4			7.		•;			7	1		7	1		7	7	7			1		Π			1		Τ							-="	결호없을	Syste		- ·	• • •
	ACTIVITY	0.000-0					.0300e-10	-	08000	00000		0.0000	10000		0.0000		01-0001	02-0001	0 0001	07-000	1000-50	02-000	12000-00		2000	3000-50	3000:40	nd - Noor	00-000	•	2000-00	00-00094	ļ	1 5	:	, .		•

	1994	APR MAY JUN JUL AUG S			·				. 1			•	•						•		•	•	•		•					•		•			Dese Perision Checked Addraved		
	1993	SEP OCT NOV DEC JAN FEB HAR		TRECOMEN A SOCIOLOGY WELLING	19- MCORPORATE COMENTS IN FINAL DO	20-SLEWII F NAL 1W/194/00	STEER THE THE	משנו נועשר ועל וויילים	22-PACPARE FINAL IN/18A/DD FOR DISIRIBUTION	23-01STRIBULE FINA W/IRA/60		24-PHOLECT HANAGEMENT			-					Transfer of the state of the st			1 1												ROCKY FLATS PLANT, CO	BASEL INE-REVISED-DRAFT	
3 <sup>9</sup> ·	ORIG EARLY EARLY		1 21 JAN94	8 22.11194 5.11.94	4	10 646 1944 194494	5 20.M.St 26.M.94	12 27.11.94 11AUG94	•	11 12AUG94 26AUG94	2 29AUG9 30AUG94		100193	231 10C197 31AUG94	,			P 1 SONE COST SONE COST				PERSONAL PROPERTY.		1	2306093 2306093			•	1 SAMPA ISAMB4	.	1 1240694	1 3141698 3141694	: 	0.0	E.G. 6 G. HO	•	3.
	4	N	Draft Responsiveness Bunmary	or the part of the		19-Indiceorate Comments into Friel INVINA	11 FAT 14/184/00 4/45 19, 006/EGGG	the Fresh Inches To Agencies		22. Pringre final IN/IRA/00 Distribution	Pask 23-Disfribute Final IM/IRP/00 .		Daa	ect Menagement	17 00113	51.00	100-13	1.00.113	97,60112	eting 17	87 50113		and the second s	is Aceteng 11	5 Heeling 92	us Heeling 14	Nee 1 10g 45	Hegi Ing 45	S Meeting 17		Weeting 810	Sout Meeting	• *		ALL MANUAL PARTY OF THE PARTY O	• .	
13.00	≥	TIO DESCRIPTION	1900-do 185k 17-5ulf-t Draft		1	1900-00 Test 19-10-000	1 18sk 20-5ut	Tax 3C-C.	13 vest	22000-00 Jest 22.Pr.	23000-00 Task 23-01sfru		-94	Tose 24 Pro	24000-02 511601 A14 Wet	D1-Megaly	B1-Heekly	A A TOTAL	1344 K(x34x-18. 24-000r2	· di-Merit	Di-Merkly	Di-Meck ly.		115 11111-00	Monthly St	24000-92 Monthly Status	Lie yinani	1	Pool N State	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	15	3	\$ lance d			The state of the s	